## 彰化銀行 108 年度新進人員甄試試題

甄試類別/職等【代碼】:一般行員/5 職等【O3701-O3704】、一般行員-原住民/5 職等 【O3705】、一般行員-身心障礙/5 職等【O3706】、防制洗錢交 易監控人員(一)/5 職等【O3707】、防制洗錢交易監控人員(二)/6 職等【O3708】、客服人員/5 職等【O3709】、法務人員(一)/6 職等【O3710】、 法務人員(二)/6 職等【O3711】

普通科目:國文及英文

壹、國文

- 【3】 1. 下列各選項所列舉字形相近似的字,讀音完全相同的是:

- ①枋/肪/舫 ②纖/殲/讖 ③儔/疇/躊 ④稜/綾/凌
- [4] 2. 下列各詞語「」內的字,與「龍蟠虎踞」的「蟠」字讀音相同的是:
- ①「攀」龍附鳳 ②「翻」江倒海 ③顧「盼」自雄 ④堅如「磐」石

- [4] 3. 下列文句,完全沒有錯別字的選項是:
  - ①在位者必須諮諏善道,廣求民謨

練,這種工作對他而言是輕而易舉

②前拒後恭的勢利行徑,總是令人不齒 ③

分析事理務必審慎,避免以偏蓋全,造成誤差

④憑他在社會上的歷

- [1]4. 下列成語完全沒有錯別字的選項是:
  - ①按部就班 ②默守成規
- ③洗耳躬聽
- ④吻頸之交

- [2] 5. 下列題辭,可作為祝壽用的是:
  - ①鳳振高岡 ②齒德俱尊
- ③瓜瓞綿綿 ④昌大門楣
- [1]6. 下列有關應用文書的語彙,解說正確的選項是:

  - ①麾下:對將帥的敬稱 ②璧謝:領受禮物並道謝

  - ③洗塵:付小費給送禮來的人 ④ Φ敬:送禮賀人子女訂婚的用語
- [2] 7. 南北朝陸凱〈贈范曄〉:「折花逢驛使,寄與隴頭人。江南無所有,聊贈一枝春。」 此詩所表達的 情感是:
  - ①落拓失意的近況
- ②對朋友的殷切懷念
- ③ 嚮往悠閒自在的生活

- ④期待彼此再相聚的時刻
- 8. 想要確切了解「蕭規曹隨」的史實,可參閱: [1]

- ①《漢書》 ②《左傳》 ③《戰國策》 ④《三國志》
- [3] 9. 下列書籍,歐陽修在世時可以閱讀得到的是:

- ①李清照的《漱玉詞》 ②陸游的《渭南文集》 ③柳宗元的《柳河東集》 ④茅坤的《唐宋八大家文鈔》
- [2] 10. 下列各文句「」中的詞語所借代的對象,何者錯誤?
  - ①但願人長久,千里共「嬋娟」:明月
  - ②共矜「紅顏」日,俱忘白髮年:美女
  - ③莫道不銷魂,簾捲西風,人比「黃花」瘦: 菊花
  - ④邦分崩離析而不能守也,而謀動「干戈」於邦內:戰爭
- 11. 下列各組成語,屬於「相似詞」的選項是: [3]
  - ①尸位素餐/枵腹從公
- ②八兩半斤/相去懸殊
- ③波譎雲詭/變化莫測

- ④急流勇退/破釜沉舟
- 12. 下列各組成語,屬於「相反詞」的選項是: [2]

  - ①馬不停蹄/再接再厲 ②肯堂肯構/敗業傾家 ③桃紅柳綠/鳥語花香 ④日中則昃/盛極必衰

- 【3】 13. 「擬聲詞」是摹仿事物或動作聲音的詞。下列文句「 」內的詞語屬於「擬聲詞」的 是:
  - ①「迢迢」牽牛星

- ②「纖纖」擢素手
- ③無邊落木「蕭蕭」下
- ④芳草「萋萋」鸚鵡洲

公職王	. 歷	屆試題 (108 彰化銀行新進人員)
[4]	<i>14</i> .	下列成語的意義,解說正確的選項是:
		①「法家拂士」是指執法嚴厲苛刻的官吏
		②「洛陽紙貴」是比喻物價被哄抬而高漲
		③「藍田生玉」是指鋌而走險
		④「罄竹難書」是比喻罪狀之多難以寫盡
[2]	<i>15</i> .	先秦時代百家爭鳴,其中主張「順應自然,清靜無為」的是:
		①儒家 ②道家 ③墨家 ④法家
[2]	16.	《老子・12 章》提到「難得之貨令人行妨」,意謂:
		①想要求難得的財物總會感到心慌 ②追求難得的財物會使人行為敗壞
		③越是難得之物越要不斷堅決力行 ④面對難得之物足以考驗人的操守
[3]	17.	「不愧屋漏為無忝」(張載〈西銘〉),其中的「不愧屋漏」一詞,意指:
	2	①不降低自己的理想,不屈辱自己的身分
		②遠離播弄是非的人,輕賤財貨而重視道德
		③心地光明,在無人之處也不起邪念、做壞事
		④生活環境雖然困窘,仍能堅定心志,力爭上游
[1]	12	蘇軾〈飲湖上初晴後雨〉:「波光潋灩晴方好,山色空濛雨亦奇。若把西湖比西子,
K + 1	10.	淡妝濃抹總相 宜。」此詩中的「淡妝濃抹」,依上下文意係指:
		①晴、雨的景致 ②朝、夕的氣象 ③晝、夜的風光 ④山、水的韻味
[2]	10	「魚游於沸鼎之中,燕巢於飛幕之上」,此語與下列各成語之旨意最相近似的是:
	13.	①載舟覆舟 ②奔車朽索 ③疾風勁草 ④摧枯拉朽
[3]	20	下列名言,最足以表現「憂國憂民之心,不因任官與否而有異」的是:
	20.	①天下有道則見,無道則隱 ②窮則獨善其身,達則兼善天下
		③居廟堂之高,則憂其民;處江湖之遠,則憂其君
		④居廟里之向, 則愛兵民, 處江湖之遠, 則愛兵名 ④君子無入而不自得焉。在上位不陵下, 在下位不援上
<b>7</b> 43	01	
[4]	<i>Z</i> 1.	通常我們用「齒德俱增」來美稱老人家,其中「齒」字借指「年齡」,下列文句中的
		「齒」字意思 與之相同的是:
<b>7</b> 23	00	①明眸皓「齒」  ②頭童「齒」豁  ③「齒」頰生香  ④郷黨尚「齒」
[3]	22.	下列出自韓愈〈爭臣論〉的文字,斷句正確的選項是:
		①君子居其位則思死其官;未得位則思修,其辭以明其道。我將以明道也,非以為
		直,而加人也。
		②君子居其位則思死,其官未得位則思修,其辭以明其道。我將以明道,也非以為
		直,而加人也。
		③君子居其位,則思死其官;未得位,則思修其辭以明其道。我將以明道也,非以
		為直而加人也。
		④君子居其位則思死,其官未得位,則思修,其辭以明其道。我將以明道,也非以
[0]	99	為直而加人也。明代理學家呂柟《涇野子內篇》有一則寓言說:「西鄰之人有五子焉:一子樸,一子
[2]	23.	
		敏,一子矇, 一子僂,一子跛。乃使樸者農,敏者賈,矇者卜,僂者績,跛者紡,
		五子者皆不患於衣食焉。」其意涵是 在闡述:
<b>1</b> 23	0.4	①五子登科 ②隨才器使 ③循循善誘 ④豐衣足食
[3]	<i>2</i> 4.	呂蒙正初入朝堂,有朝士指之曰:「此子亦參政耶?」蒙正佯為不聞而過之。同列不
		能平, 詰其姓 名, 蒙正遽止之曰: 「若一知其姓名, 則終身不能忘, 不若毋知之為
		愈也。」(《宋史·呂蒙正傳》)由 上文推知,下列較適合說明呂蒙正為人的選項 B.
		是:
	0.5	①師心自用 ②察納雅言 ③氣量寬厚 ④以怨報徳
[2]	<i>2</i> 5.	子曰:「苗而不秀者有矣夫!秀而不實者有矣夫!」(《論語・子罕》)此章與下列
		亦皆出自《論語》的言論,其旨意最相似的選項是:
		①子曰:「由,誨女知之乎!知之為知之,不知為不知,是知也。」

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公職	王歷	<b>屆試題 (108 彰化銀行新進人員)</b>				
		②冉求曰:「非不說子之道,力不足也。	」子曰:「力不足者	,中道而廢,今女		
		畫。」				
		③子曰:「吾嘗終日不食,終夜不寢,以	〈思,無益。不如學也	<b>2.</b> ° _		
		④子曰:「賜也,女以予為多學而識之者	个與?」對曰:「然	,非與?」曰:「非		
		也,予一以貫之。」				
貳、ま	英文					
- \ 5	字彙【	請依照句子前後文意,選出最適當的答案	]			
[3]		The video clip of the celebrity'		wenton the		
		internet within one week.				
		① vital ② visible	③ viral	4 vulnerable		
[1]	27.	The attorny was appointed to over				
		violent, and unnatural dea				
		① suspicious ② beneficial	_	4 peaceful		
[4]	28.	Future companies will have to be ve	_	=		
		the changing environments.		er to quierry adapt to		
	4 flexible					
[1]	29.		_			
		sleep.		011000 00 0110 10001 01		
		① experiments ② subjects	③ diagnoses	(4) adolescents		
[3]	30.	President Tsaion an eight-				
		diplomatic allies in March this year.				
		① embraced ② endorsed		(4) initiated		
[4]	31.					
		moreto Beijing's influence.				
		① resistant ② immune		4 vulnerable		
[2]	32.	The nation was shaken by two eart	hquakes exceedin	g 5 yesterday,		
		the Central Weather Bureau said yesterday.				
		①altitude ② magnitude	3	4 magnet		
[1]	33.	He is one of many dreamers	s and pioneers	who are turning		
		textileinto realities.	_	_		
		① fantasies ② facilities	③ conflicts	4 references		
二、	文法測	驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】				
[2]	<i>34</i> .	If Phillis Wheatley had been a wh	ite woman, she	known far and		
		wide as a famous poet.				
		① would be	② would have be	en		
		3 has been	④ must be			
[4]	<i>35</i> .	They move on to create another fin	rm, with the mon	eyby venture		
		capitalists.				
		① to supply	2 which supplies	S		
		③ which has supplied	4 being supplied			
[3]	<i>36</i> .	Brands are so powerful, it is said,	they force	us to look alike, eat		
		alike and be alike.				
		① much ② as	③ that	4 then		
[1]	<i>37</i> .	Two of the planesoverseas of	carriers have crasi	hed in recent months		
[1]	37.	Two of the planesoverseas of in similar accidents.		hed in recent months		
[1]	37.	Two of the planesoverseas of in similar accidents.  ① flown by	② flying by			
		Two of the planesoverseas of in similar accidents.  ① flown by  ③ to fly by	<ul><li>② flying by</li><li>④ which are flying</li></ul>	ng by		
[1]		Two of the planesoverseas of in similar accidents.  ① flown by	<ul><li>② flying by</li><li>④ which are flying</li></ul>	ng by		

	the 199	Os, according to t	he statistics.					
	① that of	② those with	③ more as	4 stronger than				
<b>[3]</b> 39	labor ex	porting countries	can benefit from th	e practice, it also has				
	serious drawbacks.							
	① Since	② With	③ While	4 For				
[4] 40	. It wasn't until	the fall of the e	empire in 1991	entering the area				
	became possible for historians.							
	① before	② after	③ upon	4 that				
三、克漏空	字測驗【請依照段落」	上下文意,選出最適	當的答案】					
The	number of calories	s a person needs	each day differs fr	om one individual to				
another. Normally, the food a person eats in three well-balanced meals each day 41								
all the er	nergy-making calor	ries needed. Some	times individuals _	42 more calories				
than their body can use, or eat an appropriate number of calories but in foods high in								
fat. Such calories are deposited in the body as fat. Those people who have stored too								
much fat must carefully watch not only the amount,43 the kind of food they								
eat. They may be 44 to find that a tablespoon of butter and 3/4 cup of peas each								
contains	about 100 calor	ies. But those fa	at-filled calories fro	om butter are <u>45</u>				
difficult	for the body to	burn than those	from the green v	regetable! This is an				
interesting finding.								
[3] 41	. ① provide	② to provide	③ provides	-				
[4] 42	. ① set up	② compose of	3 depend upon					
<u> </u>	. ① but also	2 as well	③ rather than	④ in addition to				
[3] 44	9 0 0		③ surprised					
<b>(2)</b> 45	. ① less than	② much more	③ far from	4 very much				

公職王歷屆試題 (108 彰化銀行新進人員)

If you dress in warm clothes, stay out of drafts, and keep dry, will you be able to avoid catching a cold? Not necessarily.

Many people have believed that colds are caused by getting chilled and wet. Statistically, colds do seem to be most common in winter and least frequent in June and July. Observers of such patterns of occurrence therefore reasoned that keeping warm helped to prevent colds, while getting cold and wet produced colds.

But if this is so, how can we explain accounts from Arctic and Antarctic explorers who, in spite of exhaustion, near starvation, and exposure to frigid conditions, did not catch cold? Then upon returning to the warmth and comforts of civilization, they often succumbed immediately to colds.

Additional contrary evidence may be found in the experiences of inmates of World War II Nazi concentration camps. During the late autumn and winter months, prisoners were forced to take showers and then stand wet and naked in the open air. They fully expected to catch colds; to their surprise, most did not.

Doctors today believe that the common cold is caused not by dampness and cold but by a virus. However, if the virus is present, it does seem to thrive better in a body whose natural powers of resistance have been weakened by exposure to the cold and wet.

- [3] 46. While not directly stated, what may be inferred from the article?
  - ① No one now believes colds are caused by dampness and cold.
  - 2) You will not catch cold if you get wet and cold.
  - 3 We may cure colds by treating the viruses that cause them.

四、閱讀測驗

## 公職王歷屆試題 (108 彰化銀行新進人員)

- ④ If you do not eat properly, you will surely catch cold.
- [2] 47. What is this reading mainly about?
  - 1 Experiences of Arctic explorers
  - 2) The cause of the common cold
  - ③ Experiences in concentration camps
  - 4 The effects of dampness and cold
- [1] 48 What does "they" in the fourth paragraph refer to?
  - ① Prisoners

2 Experiences

③ Concentration camps

(4) Months

- [3] 49. Which of the following sentences is NOT true?
  - ① Arctic explorers often caught cold when they returned to civilization.
  - 2 Keeping dry will not necessarily prevent catching cold.
  - 3 Colds are most common in June and July.
  - ④ Concentration camp prisoners were forced to stand wet and naked in winter.
- [4] 50. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to "succumbed" in the third paragraph?
  - ① Admitted
- ② Resisted
- ③ Attempted
- 4 Yielded

